

# CERVICAL CANCER

## IS THE NO.3 MOST COMMON CANCER AMONG MALAYSIAN WOMEN

### *Act Now!*

AN AVERAGE OF 2000-3000 ADMISSION

### Cervical Cancer Cases Each Year

Source: Ministry of Health, Malaysia

6.8 PER 100,000 WOMEN

### Crude Incidence Rate of New Cases Between 2007-2011

Source: Malaysian National Cancer Registry Report. 2007-2011, Ministry of Health, Malaysia

621 DEATHS

### Cervical Cancer Patient Estimated Annually

Source: International Agency for Research on Cancer, (GLOBOCAN 2012)

#### » RISK FACTORS

Almost all cervical cancers are caused by Human Papilloma Virus (HPV)  
\*HPV vaccination is recommended for preteen boys and girls to reduce the risk of cervical and other cancers

Having HIV (the virus that causes AIDS), a weakened immune system, or another condition that makes it hard for your body to fight off health problems

Having first sexual intercourse at a young age

Having several sexual partners

Using birth control pills for a long time (five or more years)

**SMOKING DOUBLES THE RISK OF CERVICAL CANCER**

Source : IDAHO Department of Health and Welfare

#### » SYMPTOMS



Unusual bleeding



Heavier Periods



Increased vaginal discharge



Bleeding after intercourse, douching or pelvic examination



Pain during intercourse



Bleeding after menopause

Source : National Health Service, UK

#### » BE PROACTIVE : PREVENTION & EARLY DETECTION IS BETTER THAN CURE

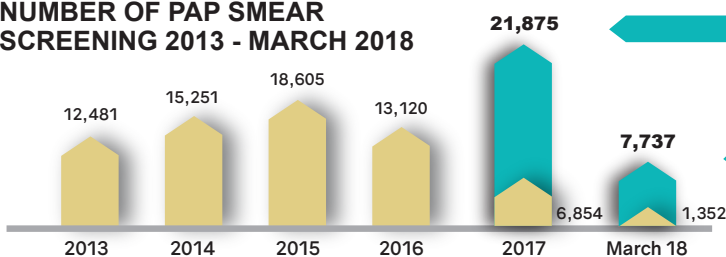
The National Population and Family Development Board (NPFDB) has introduced a Pap Smear program that allows women to undergo screening services and it is available at any NPFDB's Nur Sejahtera Clinics or mobile clinics nationwide.

Pap Smear screening will help women to detect any signs of precancerous or cancerous cells. With close monitoring and clinical follow-up session, cervical cancer can be detected at the early stages and be cured.

#### WELLBEING OF WOMEN (WOW)

In order to increase the awareness among women on Cervical Cancer, a touch point project on *Wellbeing of Women (WoW)* had been organised by NPFDB which offers free Pap Smear screening throughout Malaysia from 1st September until 15th February 2018.

#### NUMBER OF PAP SMEAR SCREENING 2013 - MARCH 2018



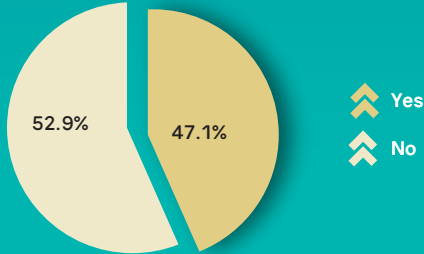
**A total of 29,612 women received the FREE Pap Smear screening during the period. From that, 224 cases of abnormality were detected.**

Source: National Population and Family Development Board

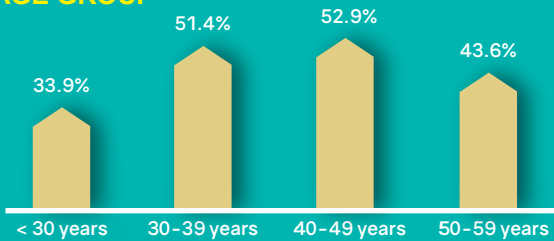
# » PAP SMEAR SCREENING 3 YEARS PRIOR SURVEY AMONG WOMEN AGED 15-59 YEARS

Findings from the Fifth Malaysian Population and Family Survey (MPFS-5) 2014, NPFDB

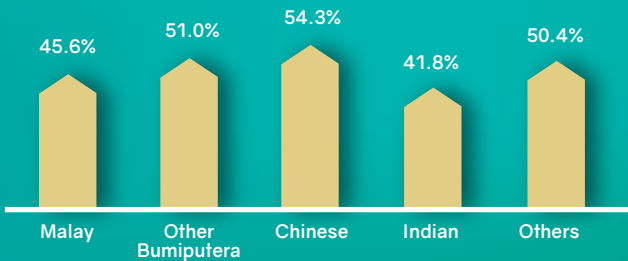
## WOMEN WHO HAD PAP SMEAR SCREENING 3 YEARS PRIOR TO SURVEY



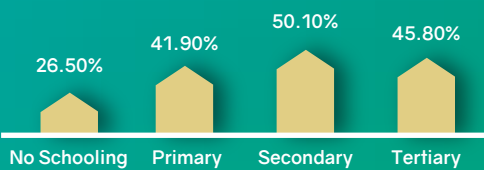
## BY AGE GROUP



## BY ETHNIC



## BY EDUCATION LEVEL



## BY STRATA

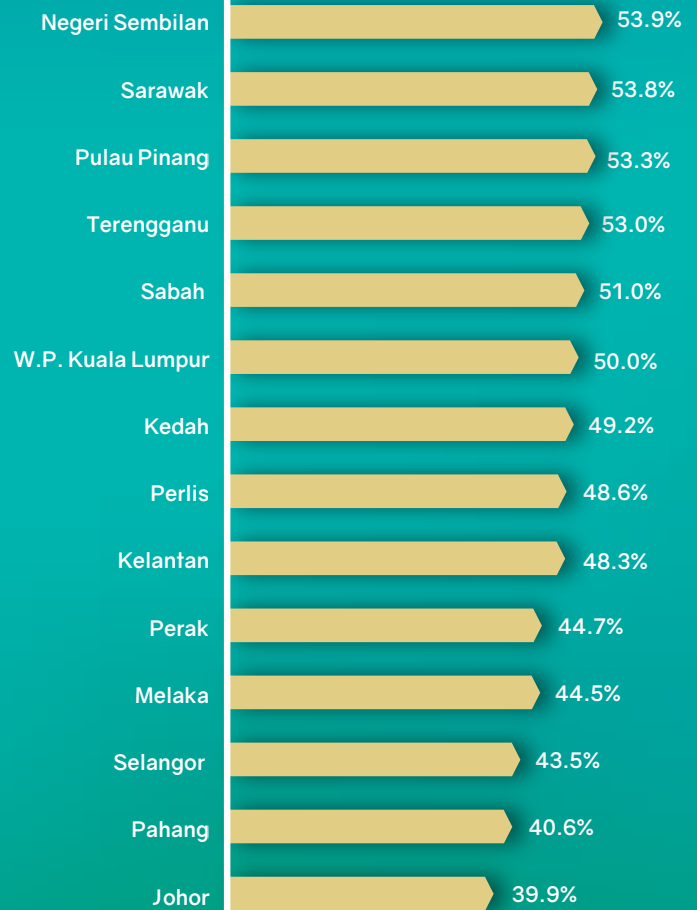
**2 out of 5 women** in urban performed pap smear screening



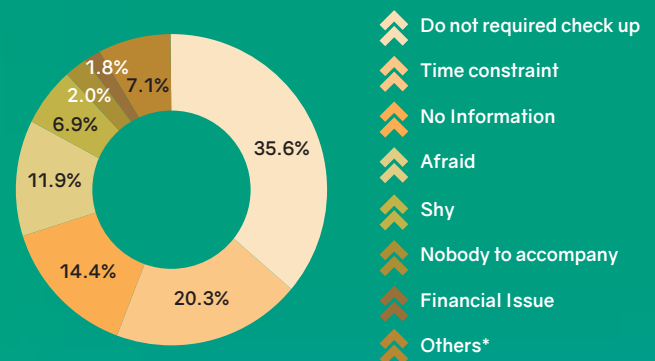
**3 out of 5 women** in rural performed pap smear screening



## BY STATE



## REASONS FOR NOT PERFORMING PAP SMEAR SCREENING



\* includes health related issues, not interested and will do screening later.



MINISTRY OF WOMEN, FAMILY AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT



NATIONAL POPULATION AND FAMILY DEVELOPMENT BOARD

### For more information:

NATIONAL POPULATION AND FAMILY DEVELOPMENT BOARD,  
MINISTRY OF WOMEN, FAMILY AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT.



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